

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXI

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1914.

NO. 33

THREE COUNTY CANDIDATES FROM SO. SAN FRANCISCO

There are three candidates for county offices who reside in this city—A. McSweeney, Dr. H. G. Plymire and Geo. A. Kneese.

A. MCSWEENEY

A. McSweeney is the present tax collector. He has conducted his office during the past term in a careful and conscientious manner. The grand jury expert's opinion of Mr. McSweeney as a public official is as follows:

"The office of the tax collector is one of the most important within your county government and I respectfully call your attention to the moneys collected and turned into the county by this office. This office is carefully and efficiently cared for, and I now feel that the office is well protected and arranged. The new system of tax receipts recently installed by Mr. McSweeney has been of great benefit to the office and the general public, and I now feel that the fullest amount of service can be derived therefrom."

Mr. McSweeney has lived in this city several years and has many friends, who predict his re-election by an almost unanimous vote.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE

Dr. H. G. Plymire, candidate for re-election to the office of coroner and public administrator has been located in this city also for many years. He is a success as an office holder as well as in his private business. He has a wide circle of business and social acquaintances throughout San Mateo county, and there is no doubt whatever of his re-election.

At a meeting of the San Mateo County Medical Society held in San Mateo at the Red Cross Hospital, on Friday evening, August 7th, the following resolutions were adopted by the members present:

Whereas, the office of coroner and public administrator of San Mateo county is best served by a physician and surgeon; and

Whereas, we find that the office of coroner and public administrator of San Mateo county has been well and efficiently conducted under its present administration; now therefore be it

Resolved, that it is the sense of this society that we heartily endorse the re-election of the present incumbent, Dr. H. G. Plymire, to the office of coroner and public administrator of this county and, be it further

Resolved that a copy of this resolution be sent to the press of the county. (Signed) WOOD C. BAKER, Secretary San Mateo County Medical Society.

GEO. A. KNEESE

Geo. A. Kneese is the present local city engineer. He was raised in this

ARE YOU REALLY INDEPENDENT?

No man is truly independent who is in debt or whose outgo is not less than his income.

Money in the bank to fall back upon in an emergency or to use in an opportunity gives one a wonderful feeling of independence.

Build up such a reserve fund in a 4 per cent Savings Account at the Bank of South San Francisco.

Bank of South San Francisco
COMMERCIAL SAVINGS

BASEBALL

Last Sunday the South Citys defeated the San Francisco team of the Loyal Order of Moose by a score of 9 to 3. The score was tied by the locals in the sixth inning, it having been 3 to 2 in favor of the visitors until that inning. After that, a couple of two baggers and a bunching of hits put South City on easy street. There will be no game played on the local diamond to-morrow, as South City and the Merchants hook up at Tanforan. The game will be an added attraction to the Knights of the Royal Arch picnic.

South City Merchants made it five straight Sunday by defeating the Sunset Koveralls in a slugging contest. The score was 17 to 14; a very poorly played game.

city where he has continuously resided with the exception of a period when he was educated in a university in Germany for his profession as an engineer. There has been a tremendous lot of local city improvements during his term of office as city engineer. He aspires to the office of county surveyor and is ambitious to work in a broader field. George has many friends throughout the county who are working hard for his election.

The Enterprise has followed the policy in this campaign of treating all candidates fairly and has assailed none, believing every man has a right to seek a political office. It feels it would be derelict in its duty as a newspaper if it did not say a kindly word in the interest of the county candidates who live in this city, and who are all loyal to its interests.

CHANGE IN NAME OF THE HOME RULE AMENDMENT

Measure Will Now Appear on the Ballot as No. 7, "Local Taxation Exemption."

Announcement has been made in Sacramento of a change in the name of the proposed home rule tax amendment to be voted in November. The measure will appear on the ballot as No. 7, "Local Taxation Exemption."

The provision is designed to give cities and counties direct legislation in taxation matters. To-day the state as a whole can reform the tax system, although a number of counties where there are particularly glaring inequalities stand ready to take steps for a change. In these counties, notably Los Angeles and San Diego, public sentiment is demanding the breaking up of the large estates of the railroads and great land owners. Several cities have been urging legislation to discourage the vacant lot industry, but they likewise are powerless to act until they get "home rule."

These communities, it is predicted, will poll a heavy vote for the amendment.

The measure in question provides that the people can by voting exempt from taxation improvements in, on, or over land; shipping, household furniture, livestock, merchandise, machinery, tools, farming implements and other personal property except franchises.

Notice. The cleaning of fine fabrics from this date on will be cleaned in San Francisco and pressed in South San Francisco. Suits made to order \$20 up. All kinds of alterations made. Work called for and delivered. Phone Gaerdes Grocery Store. Hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. E. A. Shapland, Tailor. Advt.

"The Hub." Chas. Guidi Tailoring Co. Summer reduction on all suits. High class ladies' and gents' suits made to order. Cleaning and pressing and remodeling done at city prices. 313-315 Grand Ave. South San Francisco. Phone 632. Advt.

Gardening—The undersigned does all kinds of gardening, pruning and grafting in a first-class manner. Leave orders with P. Ruize at Baden Cash Store. George Delia. Advt.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Louis Britton is visiting his brother Principal George E. Britton.

John L. Debenedetti, of San Mateo, was a visitor here Friday.

Miss Vera Sutherland was a guest of the Martin family last week-end.

Gordon Wilson spent a very pleasant day last Sunday at Mussel Rock.

Mrs. A. McSweeney entertained a party at bridge, Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Bertha McFarland of Oakland visited Mrs. W. S. Wilson last Monday.

Mrs. Alec Anderson was in this city on a business trip the first of the week.

E. Fourcans returned from his hunting and fishing trip to Hilton last Saturday.

Mrs. Harry Adams, a former resident of this city, was a visitor here on Tuesday.

Miss Amelia Ferrer and Miss Ysabel Arguello spent last Sunday with Miss Grace Martin.

Misses Anna and Bert Harder spent Monday evening with their cousin Doris Harder.

Miss Constance Bertels returned to this city on Monday after spending two weeks in Yuba City.

H. Sprinkel of Los Angeles was in town Monday night visiting his friend W. Wealty.

Mrs. W. H. Coffinberry gave an informal luncheon at her home Thursday in honor of Miss Ruth Turner.

Miss Margaret Dennison who has been visiting her brother here for several weeks, left Tuesday for Salt Lake City.

H. A. Cavassa is improving his home on Baden avenue by adding a porch on the east side.

Rev. George Wallace, of Tokio, Japan, founder of Grace Episcopal Church in this city, spent Friday with the Martin family.

Otto Reichardt and family returned to their home in this city on last Monday after having spent a delightful vacation of over a month at Camp Eden, near La Honda.

A birthday party was given by Mrs. Jack Woolley at her home in San Mateo on Thursday in honor of her sister, Mrs. Chas. Woodman of this city. A delightful afternoon was spent, after which a dainty luncheon was served.

Mrs. George Mahoney and three children returned to their home in Petaluma to-day after spending a week in this city visiting relatives. Mrs. Mahoney attended the wedding of her brother, John Guerra, at Redwood City last Sunday.

Mrs. W. J. Martin and Miss Grace Martin entertained at an afternoon Tea, Wednesday, in honor of Miss Ruth Turner. They were assisted in receiving by Mesdames Coffinberry, McSweeney, Holston, Britton, Bates, Ritchie and Miss Mabel McColm. The decorations consisted of dahlias and roses.

Messrs. Faulkner and Van Valin report satisfactory progress in their evening school in Guild Hall. The sessions are held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. At present nineteen students are enrolled. This is a splendid opportunity for young men and women to perfect their education. Both instructors are thoroughly competent, and it is expected the enrollment will rapidly increase.

John Guerra, formerly of the city, and Miss Jetta Lewis were married last Sunday at the bride's home in Redwood City. After the ceremony

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars

the happy couple left for Petaluma, where Mr. Guerra had furnished a home for his bride. His many friends in this city wish him every happiness.

The whist party given by the Fraternal Brotherhood last Monday evening was a success as usual. There was a large attendance, and everyone present spent a most delightful evening. After the game, doughnuts, cake and coffee were served. Everyone is looking forward to the time when the next whist party will be given.

Postmaster E. E. Cunningham and wife left for Monterey last Wednesday to attend the convention of the California Presidential Postmasters' Convention to be held at Hotel del Monte on the 13th, 14th and 15th inst. The purpose of the convention was to discuss postoffice work and compare notes. A representative from the Postoffice Department was present. The convention will close with a banquet to-night in Hotel del Monte, at which Mr. Cunningham will talk on the subject of "Serving the Critical Constant Caller." To-morrow Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham will go to Santa Cruz where they will stay a few days, returning to their home in this city next Wednesday.

DR. W. C. CHIDESTER OF SAN MATEO TENDERED RED CROSS APPOINTMENT

Dr. W. C. Chidester, medical director of the St. Matthew's Red Cross Hospital at San Mateo, has been asked to take charge of the Red Cross relief work in European war service. The wire which was received from Washington did not indicate to which power Dr. Chidester had been assigned, but stated that he was to have full charge of the work, with a corps of surgeons and nurses under him.

Dr. Chidester has accepted the appointment on the condition that arrangements can be made for him to sail on a later boat. The steamer carrying the relief corps leaves New York on August 20th and it would be impossible for Dr. Chidester to get his affairs in shape and reach New York by then. Because of the importance of Dr. Chidester's post, Major Robert U. Patterson of Washington, D. C., who made the appointment, is considering delaying sailing until the doctor can arrive.

Dr. Chidester formerly was an army surgeon and had an important commission during the Spanish-American War. He has been president of the National Bank of San Mateo. He played an important part in the up-building of the Red Cross Hospital, which just moved into its \$200,000 home which was donated by Mrs. Whitelaw Reid.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The city board of trustees did not hold a session last Monday evening on account of the lack of a quorum.

On Tuesday evening the board met, but very little business was transacted.

A resolution ordering work on portions of Maple, Spruce and Eucalyptus avenues was adopted.

The improvement on those avenues is to consist of oiled macadam pavement between Baden and Miller avenues, with concrete curbs and artificial stone sidewalks where not already constructed.

Laurel avenue, between Baden and Miller, is already completed. Acacia avenue, between Grand and Miller, is also completed.

Later, the board will order the improvements of the balance of the cross streets between Baden and Miller avenues.

Contractors Bates, Borland & Ayer were granted thirty days' extension of time in which to complete contracts on Baden and Miller avenues.

Several claims against the city were allowed and ordered paid.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

The board met as a board of equalization Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Some changes were made in the assessment roll and adjournment was taken to 7:30 Monday evening.

There being no quorum present Monday evening, adjournment was taken to 7:30 Tuesday evening, when adjournment was again taken to 9 p. m. the same evening.

In the meantime the board met as a city board of trustees.

At 9 p. m. the meeting of the board of equalization was called to order.

Some additional changes were made in the assessment roll and then the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco did, pursuant to the provisions of law therefor and Ordinance No. 21 of said City of South San Francisco, meet as a Board of Equalization at their usual place of meeting, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. on Monday, the 10th day of August, 1914, the same being the second Monday in August; and

Whereas, due notice of the time and place of said meeting has been given as in said Ordinance No. 21 provided; and

Whereas, the city clerk did, at said time and place, present to said Board

(Continued on Page 5.)

"PACIFIC SERVICE" MAKES IRONING EASY

The old drudgery of ironing day is done away with in the home that has "Pacific Service."

It is no longer necessary to keep the old fashioned irons hot and the cook stove at a red heat.

With "Pacific Service" in your home, the ironing can be done in any room that may be desired. After attaching the wire of the electric iron to the lamp socket, simply turn the electric button and the iron becomes hot.

You will never regret buying an electric iron.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

REDWOOD DISTRICT
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

HIGHWAY MEETING TO BE HELD IN PESCADERO

The following invitation to attend a highway meeting to be held in Pescadero to-day was received this week by The Enterprise:

Dear Sir: The board of supervisors of the county of San Mateo, in company with its advisory road committee and county surveyor, will hold an open meeting at Pescadero on Saturday, August 15th, 1914, at noon.

It is the purpose of this meeting to take up the question of the practicability and advisability of opening a road from Pescadero, through the counties of San Mateo and Santa Cruz, into the California Redwood Park.

It is believed that the building of this road will open up a most beautiful route into the park and furnish an easy means of access thereto, down the coast from San Francisco and up the coast from Santa Cruz. Persons going to the park can take either the valley route by way of San Jose and thence, via Saratoga, over the new state highway into the park, or the coast route by way of Half Moon Bay and Pescadero, and returning reverse the order of going. Bay and ocean, valley and mountain, fruits and ferns, sunshine and shade, giant redwoods and ocean breakers—will help to make a trip around the loop one of the most interesting and beautiful rides in the world. We believe that the Pescadero link in this scenic highway should be opened and completed in time for travel during the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

A free lunch will be provided visitors by the citizens of Pescadero. You are invited to attend this meeting and by your presence and advice aid in the work. Come and learn what San Mateo county has done, and will do, in the way of "good roads."

Get out of doors! You will find "its fruit better than gold, yea, than fine gold; and its revenue than choice silver."

Kindly advise if you may be expected.

Very cordially yours,

GEO. C. ROSS,

On behalf of Board of Supervisors of San Mateo County.

CHESTER H. ROWELL FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

A personal campaign, probably unprecedented since the days of Jim Budd of buckboard fame, is to be conducted by progressive men and women of Los Angeles county between now and the primary election on August 25th, in the interests of Chester H. Rowell, candidate for the progressive nomination for United States senator. Unlike the Budd campaign, however, the buckboard will be absent, but in its stead will be more than 120,000 letters and postcards which are to go out to the progressive voters of Los Angeles county.

Thirty thousand letters have already been sent out appealing to the progressives for their vote and these are to be followed by a series of postcards.

Two sets of postcards, one containing an indorsement by some of the leading women progressives of California and the other containing an indorsement by some of the leading men progressives of California are now being prepared for mailing a few days before the primary.

KEESLING SAYS HE WILL WIN GOVERNOR'S NOMINATION

Francis V. Keesling is anxious that his northern friends be fully informed of conditions as Keesling has found them in the south concerning the reputed strength of Fredericks there.

"Please emphasize the fact," Keesling wired from Los Angeles, "that every place I have gone I have found the Fredericks strength grossly exaggerated. He is purely a geographical candidate. My fine reception in the south, coupled with my strength in the north, assures me that I will win the nomination. Northern voters should not lose sight of the fact that the registered northern republican vote is nearly two to one over that of the south. The south therefore is not at all in a condition to dictate the nomination."

One playground in New York City occupies a site valued at \$1,800,000.

FRANK M. ANGELLOTTI FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

Associate Justice Frank M. Angellotti, candidate for chief justice of the supreme court, to be voted for at the primary election on the 25th of this month, has been tried and has not been found wanting in any respect.

For twenty-four years, Justice Angellotti has served the people of California faithfully and efficiently as a judge.

For the first twelve years he was on the bench of his native county, Marin, and during the last twelve years he has been on the supreme bench.

No other candidate for the high office possesses the experience resulting from twelve years as a member of the court over which he aspires to preside. Other candidates are entirely without appellate court experience.

Justice Angellotti is a native son and always has lived in California and in both public and private life he has been above suspicion and reproach.

Vote for Justice Angellotti at the primary and thus insure his retention in our highest tribunal.

JUDGE LAWLOR FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE

San Francisco's Famous "Graft" Jurist, Seeks Higher Office

Judge William P. Lawlor of the superior court of San Francisco, who is seeking the nomination for associate justice of the supreme court of California, will soon start on a trip over state in an endeavor to meet with the voters and explain to them his reasons for coming before them at the primary election August 25th. Judge Lawlor, because of the fact that his calendar has been full, has been unable to make this trip before, and he will be compelled to make short trips, returning to the bench in San Francisco every Monday morning.

Judge Lawlor has been on the superior court bench in San Francisco for sixteen years. He has firmly stood for the principle of "Equality Before the Law," and has applied that principle justly to rich and poor alike. It was Judge Lawlor who presided at so many of the famous San Francisco graft trials, and who so faithfully stood by the public interests in the work of uprooting graft in San Francisco. Following the graft trials every means was made to defeat him for reelection, but right triumphed.

Judge Lawlor seeks the nomination for associate justice under the new non-partisan judiciary law, which law aims to eliminate partisan choice in judicial elections. Every voter who has registered to July 25, this year, is entitled to vote for the judicial candidates which he or she feels are the most competent to fill the office.

If a voter failed to declare any party affiliation he or she is entitled to vote on the judiciary. It makes no difference what party you may have affiliated with, you are entitled to vote for any of the judges seeking nomination and election. They are non-partisan. Judge Lawlor asks their suffrage because of his record in the interest of an upright and fearless judiciary.

HENRY F. BUTTS FOR COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR

Henry F. Butts of Redwood City is a candidate for county tax collector and is making an energetic campaign for that office. He is well known throughout San Mateo county by the oldest residents. Following is a short sketch of his life:

Mr. Butts was born in Alameda county on March 7, 1869. He was reared on the farm of his father's second purchase, attending the school at Purissima. On attaining manhood, he remained in the county in which his childhood had been spent, and coming to Redwood City, where he served as deputy sheriff to W. P. McEvoy. After the death of the latter he received the same appointment with the present sheriff, J. H. Mansfield. He has filled the office with entire credit to himself and to the complete satisfaction of all.

In 1906 he aspired for the office of tax collector and was defeated by a small majority. Thereafter he went into the contracting business in Redwood City for several years and later sold out.

UNIVERSITY OF SANTA CLARA MAKES ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The University of Santa Clara has made its annual announcement that on September 2d it will reopen for its sixty-fourth year. Its student capacity is estimated at 400 and present indications are that the attendance for 1914-15 will be the largest in the history of the university. This is the oldest educational institution on the Pacific Coast and graduates occupying the highest positions on the bench and bar of California and in other walks of life give evidence of her training.

Located in the heart of California, the university enjoys a California climate unrivaled in the world; extremes of temperature are unknown. The water supply is pure and healthful.

This institution is alive to every scientific development and welcomes every educational advance. The courses of study are fundamentally solid and include arts, sciences, law, engineering, pre-medical work, and high school courses. Law students are free to work during the day, as the law school is conducted at night.

Considerable attention is paid to dramatics, public speaking and debating. The success of the Passion Play and the equally famous Mission Play, written entirely by alumni, and produced by the students, attest the proficiency attained.

Santa Clara is renowned in athletics and physical development; her rugby teams are formidable and prospects point to the best rugby team in her history this year. Her baseball teams have carried the name of Santa Clara among the winners on many fields. All outdoor sports are enjoyed in December as well as May.

A WORTHY OFFICER.

Charles M. Morse of San Mateo is a candidate for the assembly on the progressive ticket, and if not elected to this office his opponents will have a reminder that they had opposition, as Mr. Morse is one of San Mateo county's leading citizens, having been a member of the city trustees of San Mateo, and was mayor of that city for a number of terms. Mr. Morse, during the time of the campaign for good roads was editor of the San Mateo Leader, and besides giving several strong editorials supporting the bond issue for \$1,250,000, took the stump and by presenting a large number of strong points, made many votes for our good roads. At present Mr. Morse is a member of the directors of the San Mateo County Development Association, and is always ready to push our county to the front ranks. He is also on the executive committee of the Tourist Association of Central California, pleasant talker, and San Mateo county would make no mistake in sending him to the assembly.—Coast Side Comet.

W. W. PHILLIPS FOR STATE TREASURER

W. W. Phillips of Fresno, candidate for the republican nomination for state treasurer, came to California in the early seventies. He commenced work as a clerk in a store, and soon became a partner in the business. Having been successful as a merchant, he organized the Farmers Bank in Fresno, and was at the head of that institution as manager for twelve years. He is now a large fruit grower and dairyman. He is now serving his third term as president of the Fresno County Chamber of Commerce. In this work he has been active in the settlement and rebuilding of his county. Since becoming a republican in 1890, he has always supported its principles and policies from conscientious motives. Believing himself well qualified for the duties of state treasurer, he asks the republicans of the state to place him on the ticket as their nominee. The Fresno Herald in his home town, has this to say about his aspirants:

"W. W. Phillips the live and efficient president of the Fresno County Chamber of Commerce, has gone north in the interests of his candidacy for the position of state treasurer. Phillips is eminently qualified in the essentials of energy, integrity and financial sagacity for the position to which he aspires. His biggest recommendation is the universal esteem and confidence in which he is held by his neighbors of Fresno county, where he has lived for more than forty years."



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COLOSSAL STATUARY FOR PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION.

INTERIOR of one of three studios at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to open in San Francisco next year, showing the partially completed figures, some of them thirty feet in height, which will adorn the vast courts.

UNIQUE METHOD FOR FREDERICK CANVASSING

The managers of the campaign for Captain John D. Fredericks have introduced a unique method of canvassing along the coast.

Not content with a formidable attack by land upon the so-called progressive forces, the Fredericks squadron are now conducting a campaign upon the water—salt water.

Two yachts, belonging to the Los Angeles and San Diego flotillas, are coming north, flying the Fredericks pennants at the mastheads and prepared to bombard all the coast towns from San Diego to Crescent City.

The first of these, which is already on the way from San Diego, is the yacht Sweetheart, in charge of Commodore Leavitt, out for a two months' cruise, to send landing parties ashore in every harbor seaside village or metropolis along the coast. The pennant which flies from the fifty-foot mast on this vessel bears the legend, "Fredericks for Governor." The owner swears it shall never come down until Captain Fredericks moves on to Sacramento and begins his four-year occupation of it.

Another yacht to fly the Fredericks colors upon its masthead is the Aloha. Arthur Sanger is the owner and captain of the vessel and a staunch fighter for Fredericks.

The Aloha is now lying in San Pedro harbor making ready for the cruise up the coast. Both yachts carry large parties of guests, many of them close personal friends of Captain Fredericks.

Why They Wanted It Changed.

The new play was in rehearsal, and a delegation of actors approached the manager. On being received the spokesman said: "Sir, we have come to ask that a portion of Mr. Brown's part be cut out."

"What's all this about? What part do you want cut out?" blustered the manager.

"The part where he, as the disguised count, borrows five dollars. Every time he thinks any of us has any money he calls a rehearsal."

British Loan Sharks.

The money lender's bill introduced by Lord Newton was read a third time and passed in the house of lords recently. The bills proposes to make it compulsory for money lenders always to disclose their real names and to prohibit the sending out of circulars except in response to a written request. The bill is sure to pass the commons and become a law.

Some Death-Proof Songs.

"There are some songs that will never die," said the musical enthusiast.

"I guess that's right," said his friend. "My daughter sits down at the piano and tries to kill a few of them every evening, but it's no use."

Where It Was Different.

"Oh, dear friends," said the minister solemnly, "it is deeds, not words, that count most."

"Oh, I don't know," replied the cynical listener, "did you ever send a cablegram?"

LONG ENGAGEMENTS ARE BEST, SAYS EXPERT

Kansas City—There would be fewer divorces if there were more long engagements, W. W. Wright, divorce proctor, believes.

Two years is not too long to wait after the girl has whispered "yes," he said in reply to a question put by the Rev. James Small, pastor of the Hyde Park Christian Church, where Mr. Wright spoke on "The Cause and the Cure of Divorce."

"Divorce is a symptom, a symptom of the breaking up of the home," said Mr. Wright. "There are two kinds of divorce," he continued, "the trivial and the serious. Many cases lead into the trivial, but in these the mother-in-law is not the great source of discontent that she sometimes is painted. 'The divorce evil is increasing throughout the country. Men and women say to me: 'We used to think it was a disgrace to sue for a divorce.'"

"It is still a disgrace, but too many people do not look at it in that light. Divorce is brought about largely for the purpose of remarriage. After two or three marriages all idea of the sacredness of marriage is lost. I believe in separation in some cases and sometimes in divorce, but I am coming to believe that in no case should there be a remarriage."

"Immorality is the cause of many divorces. Back of this cause often is the public dance, which I consider a public menace, because it is fruitful of more immorality than anything else. 'The law can do little toward removing the divorce evil. In fact, I do not know just what laws should be enacted to govern divorce. The only cure is education, education of the heart. The best way to get at that is to establish a court of domestic relations. This court should have enough machinery to investigate and to keep records of causes of divorce."

"At present the greatest farce in all legal proceedings is the divorce."

Make Hay While the Sun Shines.

Lord Kelvin was notoriously incomprehensible as a lecturer, and the students found great difficulty in following his explanations in mathematics. At the time he was knighted his place was filled temporarily by a Mr. Day, whose explanations were perfectly clear to the pupils.

When the time for Lord Kelvin's return drew near one student rose and said to the other:

"We had better work while 'tis Day, for soon the Knight cometh, when no man can work."

Just the Same.

"Daughter," said the father, "your young man, Rawlings, stays until a very late hour. Has not your mother said something to you about this habit of his?"

"Yes, father," replied the daughter sweetly, "Mother says men have not altered a bit."

You Know of the Bargains In Your Store.

DON'T BE SELFISH.

Tell Others About Them.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people; an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

South San Francisco is on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, the Shaw Batcher Pipe Works, Enterprise Foundry and Prest-o-Lite Works. The Meese-Gottfried Machinery Company of San Francisco and the American Marble and Mosaic Company have purchased land and will soon operate. South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

**NEXT TIME
YOU BAKE---**

USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant
under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months " 1 00
Three Months " 50
Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue, near Bank.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1914

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The postoffice department has ruled that publishers may not send papers through the mails at regular rates of postage in cases where the subscriber is one year in arrears. The Enterprise will comply with this rule and each subscriber will be duly notified before the limit is reached. Should your Enterprise cease to come to you it will be because of this ruling of the postoffice department and is not intended as a reflection on your credit.

"INDUSTRIAL REPORTER."

The local chamber of commerce has issued No. 4 of the "Industrial Reporter," a quarterly magazine promoting this city as a location for factories. Thousands of copies of this publication have been circulated in San Francisco and elsewhere.

Each issue is illustrated with a view of some important factory plant located in this city.

The last number says:
"South San Francisco is a demonstrated manufacturing city with a great future."

"The class of its industries in full operation stamp it with every industrial merit whilst the many purchases of sites by well known and long established manufacturers in the bay region for future occupancy adds more than promise to its claim of future industrial supremacy."

"Its proximity to the activities of the great naval dry docks and warehousing projects at Hunters Point. Its position on the main line of the Southern Pacific bay shore railroad. Its position on bay shore asphaltum highway now building through its center and its own splendid waterfront justifies every claim of superiority in manufacturing merit for South San Francisco where road and rail and water meet."

"Our industries are thirty in number."

"Our employment nearly 2000 men."

"Our pay roll is close to \$2,000,000."

"Our manufactured wealth runs into the millions each year."

"Our cost in freight charges to send out this wealth of manufactured products to the world is over \$1,000,000 per annum."

"Every class of industry is represented in South San Francisco. The co-operative advantage of this feature needs no comment; it is a recognized manufacturing asset."

"The Chamber of Commerce of South San Francisco, San Mateo county, is composed solely of representative business men of this community."

They invite the most critical study of everything South San Francisco has to offer. Correspondence solicited.

"The industrial commission of the chamber of commerce invites inquiries from anyone desiring information."

Those citizens who wish to send copies away can obtain them by applying to the secretary at this office.

"BOB" CHATHAM MAKING RAPID PROGRESS IN HIS FIGHT FOR SHERIFF

Robt. S. Chatham, a former sheriff of this county, is visiting the different sections of the county in the interest of his candidacy. He has been meeting his old time friends and making many new ones. His friends almost invariably say, "wait until the votes are counted, and then you will see that 'Bob' will be strictly in it."

FRATERNAL ORDERS

(By Harry Edwards)

Did you ever stop to think that that in a fraternal society you do not have to die to win, but, on the contrary, it is the member who lives the longest and best discharges his fraternal duties, who receives the largest dividends and wins the most. Every faithful member is the recipient of fraternal dividends, but they drop so, "like the gentle dew from heaven," that we fail to give them proper attention, yet like the quality of mercy, they are not strained, but bless both him that gives and him that receives.

What, then, are fraternal dividends? Last summer a farmer living in a nearby state was down with fever. His wheat was ripe and ready for the reaper. Harvest hands were scarce and those to be obtained demanded and received very high wages. His little balance in the bank had been exhausted by the expense of his sickness and the support of his family, and he still lay helpless in his bed. There seemed to be no other outlook than his crops should rot in the field. One morning, just at daybreak, his wife was aroused by a noise in the wheatfield and, on looking she saw four reapers at work with men enough following them to put each round in shock as it was cut. At the barn were the wives and daughters of the harvesters preparing tables and getting ready to cook the noontime meal for them, and not a thing would they permit the tired mother and daughter of the house to do for them. By sundown the wheat was all in shock and the volunteer harvesters on their way to their several homes, followed by the fervent "God bless you" of the grateful family. They were the brothers and sisters of his local lodge and they had paid an installment on his fraternal dividend. Ere the evening passed the treasurer of the lodge called and paid the usual sick benefit. Thus labor and financial aid was given. Can you equal the foregoing—outside fraternal orders, or the principles for which they stand? We are organized to help one another in any way we can, but more especially in sickness and distress; to help the widow and the fatherless in their affliction; to scatter seeds of kindness along the pathway of life, removing the thorn and thistle, and planting seeds of flowers where flowers will grow.

So Jim has retired from bachelor life, And married a widow, why not? Do tell me about it I'm anxious to know
What sort of a wife he has got.
She's worth twenty thousand, you say, I declare!
That's a stroke of good fortune for Jim,
Worth twenty—what's that, say it over once more,
"She's worth twenty thousand of him."

BUY LAND FOR OIL.

Indicating a lively struggle for the oil business of the Peninsula, the Standard Oil Company has purchased fourteen lots in this city and an acre and one-half at Mountain View. Distributing plants will be erected at both points. The Shell Company, Standard's English rival, has bought a block at Redwood, and the Associated Oil Company a block at Burlingame for the same purpose.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday school, 10:30 a. m.
Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.
Preaching service, 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting, Wednesday 7:45 p. m.

Junior Epworth League, Friday, 3:30 p. m.
Everybody welcome.

All arrangements have been perfected for the grand picnic to be given by the Knights of the Royal Arch of this county at Tanforan Park to-morrow.

Tom Barnett, of San Francisco, the popular conductor on the local electric car line, visited this city last evening with his wife and sister and her husband.

SHERIFF J. H. MANSFIELD, CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION MAKING VIGOROUS FIGHT

Sheriff J. H. Mansfield has been active in his campaign for re-election during the past month, and will continue it vigorously until the date of the primary election.

Mr. Mansfield has served this county several years as sheriff, and, as the saying is, "has learned the trade."

Personally, Mr. Mansfield is an affable gentleman, a good husband and father, and stands high in fraternal circles.

He has issued the following notice to voters of San Mateo county:

"Have I rendered you efficient service in the past? Have I failed to do my duty at all times? Has my conduct as an official and a citizen been questioned? Does my record in the service to my country count for anything?"

"If you feel these questions can be answered to your satisfaction, and with credit to me, I will ask your support at the primary election August 25, 1914. All voters may vote at the county primary whether they declared their party affiliation or not. All reaching 21 years of age before August 25th can now register and vote at the primary."

"Thanking you for past favors, I remain,

"Yours very truly,
"J. H. MANSFIELD."

FRIENDS DETERMINED TO ELECT SHEEHAN SHERIFF

Friends of Michael Sheehan sent the following article to The Enterprise for publication:

"One of the strongest arguments to be urged in favor of the successful campaign now being waged by Michael Sheehan for the office of sheriff of San Mateo county is the attitude taken by his many friends throughout this county. At a meeting recently held by representatives from the various cities and towns it was determined that the elevation of Mr. Sheehan to a higher post in office was but a fitting recognition of his long and conscientious service as a peace and probation officer."

"He being specially qualified for the duties which are incumbent upon the office of sheriff, it is felt that it would be a serious loss to the county if through any misunderstanding or neglect Mr. Sheehan should be defeated. And to the end and purpose of electing Mr. Sheehan this committee has formed itself into a working unit to see that the sheriff's office shall be occupied by one who has those necessary qualifications to discharge efficiently his duties."

"It can be said that this committee has been guaranteed by Mr. Sheehan that when he is elected he will not employ any of his relatives and that his deputies will only be those who are capable of discharging the duties of their particular positions, discharging them with efficiency, business acumen and courtesy to the citizenship at large."

Cautious.

De Quoter—Opportunity knocks once at every man's door.

McFact—Opportunity will have to ring my bell. I don't answer knocks. —Chicago News.

FREDERICK S. STRATTON

Candidate for Nomination and Election to Office of

Justice of First District Court of Appeals

Short Term

FOR THE ASSEMBLY

CHARLES M. MORSE
PROGRESSIVE

VOTE FOR
HENRY F. BUTTS
FOR
TAX COLLECTOR
AT
Primary Election August 25

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS. San Mateo County

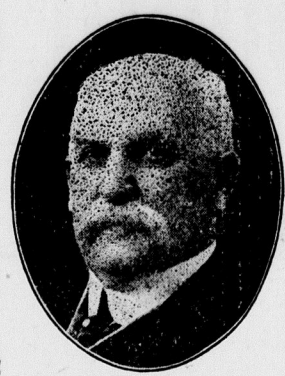
S. C. DENSON

--REPUBLICAN--

Candidate for

SUPERIOR JUDGE

Resident of Burlingame for the last four years



C. STADER

Republican Candidate for

THE ASSEMBLY

42d DISTRICT
San Mateo County



W. H. UNDERHILL

(Incumbent)

CANDIDATE FOR

COUNTY AUDITOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE

(Incumbent) Candidate for

CORONER AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

A Majority Elects

KENNETH M. GREEN

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

At the Primary

J. H. MANSFIELD

(Incumbent) Candidate for

SHERIFF

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JOS. H. NASH

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY CLERK

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

C. D. HAYWARD

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY ASSESSOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

A. McSWEENEY

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTYLICENSE and TAX COLLECTOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

P. P. CHAMBERLAIN

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY TREASURER

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

GEO. A. KNEESE

Candidate for

COUNTY SURVEYOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

J. V. NEUMAN

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY SURVEYOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

ROY W. CLOUD

(Incumbent) Candidate for

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

GEORGE H. BUCK

(Incumbent) Candidate for

SUPERIOR JUDGE

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

MICHAEL SHEEHAN

Candidate for

SHERIFF

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

FRANKLIN SWART

District Attorney

Elect Him

At the Primaries



R. J. ALBERT

Candidate for

COUNTY RECORDER

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

J. J. SHIELDS

Candidate for

COUNTY AUDITOR

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

W. C. SAWIN

Single Tax Candidate for

COUNTY ASSESSOR

Lower Taxation on Improvements.
Higher on Vacant Land. Somers System of Assessments.

W. J. SMITH

Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

First Township

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JOHN F. DAVIS

(Incumbent) Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

First Township

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

ELLIS C. JOHNSON

(Incumbent) Candidate for

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

First Township

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JAS. C. WALLACE

(Incumbent) Candidate for

CONSTABLE

First Township

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

JAS. H. PARKER

(Incumbent) Candidate for

CONSTABLE

First Township

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

"The Hub"

CHAS. GUIDI, Prop.

Ladies Attention! We have a large assortment of ladies' shoes. Sizes from 3 to 4½. We'll give you a big bargain in those sizes. Shoes from \$3.50 and \$4.00 reduced to \$2.00 and \$2.50.

313-315 GRAND AVE.
South San Francisco Phone 632

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

CALIFORNIA TO BE BOOSTED IN CHICAGO

Issued upon authority of the San Mateo County Development Association.

The San Mateo County Development Association, which is represented by Charles M. Morse as a member of the executive committee in the Tourist Association of Central California, has been advised by that organization that an office has been established in Chicago for the purpose of boosting California and that the Peninsula will be advertised extensively.

This office in Chicago is in charge of John S. Ross. The address is room 900 Lytton Building, Jackson boulevard and State street. The office is in the heart of the downtown business, hotel and railroad district. It is the aim of the tourist association and the special aim of the San Mateo County Development Association to have the residents of this county inform their eastern friends of this Chicago office, where information of our community will be gladly furnished to them upon request. The association desires that the establishment of this Chicago office be taken advantage of so that this Peninsula may reap its just benefits.

While the development association is advertising this community in the east, it is not overlooking the fact of the advantages that may be reaped by making known the scenic beauties and good roads that exists in our midst to our next door neighbors.

Within a radius of a 100 miles there are 1,000,000 persons, and the association is striving to make one of them known of our scenic grandeur before the end of the year so that by the time of the big fair all will be enthusiastic boosters of San Mateo county.

The papers in California are doing the county a great deal of good by the space which they have devoted and are devoting to our unexcelled highways.

The association is in receipt of hosts of letters of which the following tells the story best, an excerpt being:

"Until a short time ago the scenic beauties of San Mateo county were unknown to me, though I have been a resident of San Francisco for twenty-five years and thought that I knew all about everything in the way of geography which concerns California. After reading about the San Mateo County Development Association in one of the dailies, I addressed a letter to the association asking for a description of the scenic roads in San Mateo county. I received an answer immediately and became so enthused of the word description that I wanted to see the real thing.

"I take this opportunity of thanking the association for information, which resulted in one of the most wonderful and enjoyable trips I have ever taken in my life. You can't over-boost the wonderful beauties of the Peninsula."

The association will be represented by a number of the Peninsula's leading citizens at the meeting in Pescadero Saturday at which the question of the practicability of opening a road from Pescadero to the California Redwood Park will be discussed.

The construction of such a highway to what is better known as the Big Basin will open up a most beautiful route easily accessible down the coast from San Francisco to Santa Cruz.

Bay and ocean, valley and mountain, fruits and ferns, sunshine and shade, giant redwoods in virgin forests, will help to make such a highway one of the most interesting and beautiful rides in existence. This proposed Pescadero link in this scenic highway should be opened and completed in time for travel during the exposition. The members of the board of supervisors in company with its advisory roads commission and county surveyor will be present at this meeting. George C. Ross is one of the citizens most active in bringing this matter up for action.

A committee of the association will arrange with the Civic League of Improvement Clubs of San Francisco ways and means of getting the municipal authorities of the metropolis to build immediately appropriate

highways which will connect with the county's boulevards. The San Francisco club realizes that San Mateo county has more than done its share and that it is now up to San Francisco to get busy and do something for the much needed good roads.

SUPERIOR COURT NOTES.

Near the close of the session of the superior court Thursday morning, George C. Ross made a motion that when the court would adjourn it would be out of respect to the memory of the late Judge W. H. Beatty. Mr. Ross paid a glowing tribute to the dead jurist telling of his splendid character and of his great service to the bench and bar of the state. Mr. Ross was followed by Judge Fitzpatrick, who also spoke of the good deeds of the chief justice. John D. Willard, one of the young members of the local bar, told of the consideration and kindness Judge Beatty showed the young lawyer. He was followed by Henry Ward Brown who delivered an eloquent eulogy and spoke feelingly of his long acquaintance with the dead jurist. James Sex of San Jose, who happened to be in court also paid a tribute to the departed judge. Mr. Ross' motion was spread in full upon the minutes of the court.

Five Japanese working on the Coburn ranch at Pescadero and employed by George Ashley, the Caper Lumber Company and others, have brought suit in the superior court to foreclose a lien for certain sums of money varying from \$100 to \$800. The Orientals were hired to grub out logs and make ties. Some time ago they levied on the ties to secure their wages.

The case entitled the Federal Construction Company against Josefa Navan and others was dismissed in superior court on Wednesday. The notice of dismissal was filed in the county clerk's office.

Archibald D. Irving has brought suit in the superior court against M. Johnson and others to recover the sum of \$549, held in trust by defendants and received from the trustees of the Montara school. Defendant and his partner erected the building.

Roger Johnson has brought suit in the superior court against Geo. H. Fuller to recover the sum of \$7794.25, balance due on the sale of 75,000 shares of stock of the Western Magnesite Development Co. The original price of the stock was \$30,000, but defendant paid all but the \$7794.25, which he refuses to pay.

The Investment and Construction Company has brought foreclosure proceedings in the superior court against Ben Walder and his wife to recover the sum of \$1800 and also \$400, two mortgages held on lot 26, block C, Mission Street Tract. Plaintiff also asks for interest, counsel fees and costs of suit.

Leslie Wallace, who was the chef at the Elks Club at San Mateo, and removed articles of value, and was arrested, plead guilty in the superior court and was turned over to the probation officer who is to take him to Los Angeles where employment awaits him.

Edward Donovan, charged with murder, plead not guilty in the superior court. September 2d was fixed as the day of trial. Donovan entered W. R. Markt's place some weeks ago and killed a patron after holding up the barkeeper.

The remittitur in the case of Alice Aalwyn against Ira M. Cobe and others was received at the county clerk's office during the week. The court confirms the opinion of Judge Buck rendered some months ago.

PROBATE COURT.

W. H. Coffinberry has applied in the superior court for letters of administration upon the estate of John B. Coffinberry who died in this city on October 22, 1912, while a resident of Indiana. The estate consists of personal property which comprises twenty shares of the capital stock of the Western Meat Company valued at \$1800, paying an income of \$100 a year, twenty-five shares of the capital stock of the California Acres Company valued at \$2000, ten shares of the San Mateo County Building and Loan Association worth \$250. The entire estate in this county does not exceed the sum of \$4100. The heirs at law are, Caroline M. Coffinberry and Mary E. Coffinberry, both residents of Indiana. The

petitioner is a brother of the deceased.

Delia M. Locke has applied in the superior court for letters testamentary upon the estate of Horace N. Locke, who died on July 29th, 1914. The estate consists of real estate located in San Mateo county and elsewhere, valued at over \$10,000. The deceased left a will bearing date of July 20th. The petitioner is named as the executrix to serve without bonds. She is also the legatee and devisee. She is the wife of the deceased. The other heirs are the two children, Lloyd T, aged 6 years, and David H. Locke, aged 1 year.

Ellen R. Bell has applied in the superior court for letters of administration upon the estate of Frank Bell, who died at San Gregorio on July 24, 1914. The estate consists of a house and lot located in Redwood valued at \$1000, 16 acres of land in the county of Merced worth \$1500. The property is unimproved. Cash in a bank amounting to \$500 and certain stock in corporation valued at \$175. The entire value of the estate does not exceed the sum of \$3500. The heirs at law are the petitioner, wife of the deceased and the following children: Frank P. Bell, Richard O. Bell and Jack W. Bell.

CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

(Continued from Page 1.)

of Equalization the Assessment Roll for the year 1914-1915 as prepared by the city clerk of said city, acting in the capacity as assessor of said city; and

Whereas, said Board of Equalization has duly considered all protests filed with said board; and

Whereas, said Board of Equalization has continued in session from said 10th day of August, 1914, to this 11th day of August, 1914;

Resolved, by said Board of Equalization that said Assessment Roll, as modified and corrected be, and the same hereby is adopted as and for the Assessment Roll for the year 1914-1915.

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was regularly introduced and adopted by the Board of Equalization this 11th day of August, 1914, by the following vote:

Ayes, Trustees J. C. McGovern, Geo. Wallace and G. W. Holston.

Noes, Trustees none.

Absent, Trustees F. A. Cunningham and J. H. Kelley.

Attest:

(Seal) WILLIAM J. SMITH,
City Clerk.

STANDARD FASHION BOOK AUTUMN 1914



Twenty cents with any standard pattern free by mail thirty cents for complete set.

Basques, Capes and Cape Coats Flare Skirts, Blouses and Dresses

with Italian collars, long tunics, gathered, plaited, yoked and circular, with hundreds and hundreds of the latest Fall styles, are shown in the

STANDARD FASHION BOOK for Autumn

With each copy you get any
Standard Pattern FREE

20 CENTS AT THE PATTERN COUNTER
W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 Grand Ave. South San Francisco

SAN ANSELMO FAVORS HOME RULE IN TAXATION

Marin and Sonoma county municipalities evidently believe it is time for the cities and towns of California to have more freedom in tax matters. San Anselmo has fallen into line in adopting resolution in favor of the amendment for Home Rule in Taxation, which will be No. 7 on the ballot this year. That makes thirty-one municipalities that have approved the amendment, through their city councils.

Such approval does not mean that the city councils are approving of any particular system of taxation, but it does mean that they don't approve of the present cast-iron tax law of California, and that they believe the people of each county, city and town are capable of governing themselves and of attending to their own local affairs.

A Change That Worked.

Little Alice was writing invitations for her birthday party, and had been instructed by her mother to write the sentence, "Please bring no presents," at the bottom of each invitation.

The little guests arrived at the appointed time, but each came with a gift for the hostess.

Alice, upon being taken to task for having forgotten the sentence, said: "No, mamma, I put in every single letter of that note—I only changed the 'no' the least little bit."

The note read: "Please bring on presents."

He Didn't Know.

The curious pedestrian stopped where a man was working in his garden, and, wishing to be friendly, he said:

"I say, my friend, how deep is your lot?"

The man looked up from his work.

"I really don't know, stranger," he said, "I never dug down far enough to find out."

Admirer—"Where did you get that heartrending description of a sick child?"

Great Author—"It's the way my boy says he feels when he wants to get out of going to school."

DRAYAGE AND EXPRESSAGE

KAUFFMANN BROS.

Light and Heavy Hauling promptly attended to. Baggage and Freight transferred to and from Railroads, Hotels, Residences, Etc., at reasonable rates.

CONNECTIONS WITH ALL TRAINS

WOOD AND COAL HAY AND GRAIN

Office: - With Wells, Fargo & Co.
Phone, Main 224 Grand Ave.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY.

Francis Drake Lodge, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for stated meetings. E. N. Brown, Master. H. F. Mingledorff, Secretary.



South San Francisco Lodge, No. 850, The Fraternal Brotherhood, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall.

W. C. Schneider, President. Leon DeLange, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.



Frank Robinson, Sachem. G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

South City Aerie No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. Oswald Lockhart, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.



San Mateo Lodge, No. 7, Journeymen Butchers, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m. Peter Lind, President. J. E. Sullivan, Secretary.



PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. J. C. McGovern

DENTIST

Office: Kauffmann Building

South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE Surgeon

Hours: 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office, 500 Grand Avenue, South S. F.

J. W. COLEBERD

ATTORNEY AT LAW

South San Francisco, San Mateo Co. Cal.

Phone Main 222

IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 2 to 4, 6:30 to 8 p. m.

403 Grand Ave. South San Francisco.

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of

New Spring Styles

—OF—

L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas SHOES

Standard Price Goods

Dowd's Shoe Store

Phone 365.

F. FURINO

Sanitary Plumbing and Gasfitting
Tinning and Jobbing. Estimates furnished new work. All work guaranteed.
553 Grand Avenue
South San Francisco California

A. C. BISSETT

CONTRACTOR

All kinds of Grading, Excavating and Dirt Hauling done. South San Francisco, Cal.

To the Laborer and the Investor

Do you know that South San Francisco real estate is the best investment in California to-day? Buy a few lots now and you will soon be in the well-to-do class. See us about building. We can save you money.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

Postoffice Building

South San Francisco

E. E. JORGENSEN

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER

Estimates given for all kinds of Carpenter work. Repairing Done in a First Class Manner.

LINDEN HOTEL, 210 Linden Avenue,

South San Francisco, Cal.

PHONE 413

South San Francisco RAILROAD TIME TABLE

May 27, 1914.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
7:03 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
7:16 a. m.
7:42 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
8:03 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
8:24 a. m.
(Sunday only)
8:44 a. m.
(Except Sunday)

9:23 a. m.
9:53 a. m.
11:33 a. m.
1:07 p. m.
3:42 p. m.
3:56 p. m.
(Saturday)
5:14 p. m.
5:32 p. m.
7:28 p. m.
8:28 p. m.
(Except Saturday and Sunday)
11:39 p. m.

(Saturday and Sunday)

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:47 a. m.
7:17 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
8:28 a. m.
10:58 a. m.
11:58 a. m.
1:37 p. m.
2:32 p. m.
3:17 p. m.
4:37 p. m.
5:24 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
5:58 p. m.
6:25 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
6:47 p. m.
8:28 p. m.
9:47 p. m.
12:02 p. m.
(Theatre Train)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 a. m. Money order office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.
North, 8:03 a. m.
South, 11:57 a. m.
North, 12:13 p. m.
South, 2:18 p. m.
North, 3:41 p. m.
North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.
North, 11:57 a. m.
South, 12:13 p. m.
North, 2:18 p. m.
South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—G. W. Holston (President).
F. A. Cunningham, Geo. H. Wallace,
J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern.
Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....Wm. Rehberg
Attorney.....J. W. Coleberd
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
Health Officer.....Dr. I. W. Keith
BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire,
E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey,
Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner,
C. C. Conrad, E. N. Brown.

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....A. McSweeney
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Sheriff.....J. H. Mansfield
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Cor. and Pub. Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace.....E. C. Johnson
.....John F. Davis
Constables.....J. C. Wallace
.....J. H. Parker
Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

San Mateo County Building and Loan Association

Assets \$360,104.32

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THE STOLEN BROOCH

Though women have gained in the past half century in independence, they have lost in that chivalrous treatment by men that was formerly prevalent.

In 1850, at a dinner party in Charlestown, S. C., a lady missed a brooch of considerable value. She was very much frightened for fear it had been stolen and lost her equanimity. The host, a Mr. Du Bois, was much put out about the affair, declaring that she must have dropped the brooch. Nevertheless a search failed to produce it. Then Du Bois said:

"This is a very serious matter for all of us, for me as host especially, for it seems to implicate me in having a thief among my friends. It must be thrashed out here before we separate. Will some one kindly suggest a method of investigation?"

"I propose," said a gentleman present, "that we all voluntarily submit to be searched."

Du Bois asked each guest in turn if he or she would assent to the proposition, and all expressed themselves as quite willing to do so till he came to Edwin Porcher, a gentleman of Savannah, Ga., who was visiting in Charleston.

"Why do you decline to do your part at getting to the bottom of this matter?" asked the host.

"I decline to answer."

There was a constrained silence for some time, when Du Bois, who was much excited, said:

"My friends, I must crave your pardon for introducing this man among you. I had no idea he was a thief."

All looked at Porcher, wondering how he would receive the word "thief." He was unruffled. All rose from the table, and Porcher, bowing formally, left the room. Those who remained discussed the matter, asking Du Bois about how he came to be acquainted with Porcher, for the latter, not being a resident of Charlestown, had not been known to the guests till introduced by their host. Du Bois explained that he had met Porcher at his club, at which the latter had been put up as a guest by a member. Porcher appeared to be a gentleman. Du Bois, desiring to be courteous to a stranger, had invited him to dinner.

The party were about to break up when a negro servant handed the host a note. Tearing it open, he read it, knitted his brows, then put it in his pocket without making any reference to it. But every one present divined that it had something to do with the disagreeable affair that had happened during the evening.

While the guests were bidding the host adieu he asked one of them, a Mr. Fitz Hugh, to remain after the others had departed. As soon as the two men were alone Du Bois handed his friend the note he had received. It ran thus:

"Having been invited to your house and called a thief because I did not assent to the method proposed of clearing up the matter of the loss of the brooch, it seems to me that as a gentleman—which I claim to be—it is my privilege to demand satisfaction from you for the insult offered me at your own table and in the presence of your guests. I would be glad to accept an apology if an apology would exonerate me, but it would not. The only approach I can make to exculpating myself is by the code. A common thief would not likely to be so sensitive to his honor as to risk his life for it. Will you please refer me to a friend?"

Du Bois and the man to whom he showed the letter consulted for an hour. Fitz Hugh held that Du Bois had not the right to call his guest a thief because he would not consent to be searched. But since Porcher had called attention to the fact that an apology would not remove the evidence, such as it was, that he had stolen the brooch, there would be no use in offering one. Under the circumstances there seemed no way open but to accept the challenge, though Fitz Hugh maintained that Porcher's refusal to be searched placed him in the position of a thief, and a gentleman was not called upon under the code to fight such a person. Du Bois was not compelled to notice the challenge; but, on the other hand, Porcher had not been convicted of the stealing, and Du Bois felt that he was entitled to satisfaction. Fitz Hugh met a friend of Porcher's and the terms were arranged—that the principals should meet the next morning at sunrise.

Now, the real thief, a woman, had observed the results of her action and when Porcher's note came felt sure it was a challenge. After a bitter struggle with her better nature, at 2 o'clock in the morning and but a few hours before the time appointed for the duel she drove up to where Porcher was staying and asked to see him.

"I have come to confess," she said. "The brooch became unfastened from the owner's dress and dropped into a fold of mine. I saw it fall. A duel is to take place between you and Mr. Du Bois. I don't know it, but I am quite sure of it. Now that I have confessed, surely this cannot be necessary."

Porcher thought for awhile, then said: "All you have to do is to say that the brooch dropped into a fold of your dress. Nothing more is necessary."

The lady drove at once to Du Bois' house, called him up and acted upon Porcher's advice. Du Bois went himself to apologize to Porcher, and every one of the guests at the dinner showed him some attention. But the only person who knew that he had taken the obloquy on himself rather than expose a woman was the thief.

GAINFUL WORKERS IN UNITED STATES NEAR 50 PER CENT

Washington, D. C.—At the Thirteenth Census (1910) there were 38,756,223 persons 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations in the United States, including Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico, and the military and naval station, abroad.

The gainful workers thus formed 41.6 per cent of the total population (93,402,151) enumerated at that census.

These figures are contained in a Report on Occupations which has just been published by Director William J. Harris, of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce. The report was prepared under the supervision of William C. Hunt, chief statistician for population.

In continental United States alone the gainful workers numbered 38,167,336, which was 41.5 per cent of the total population (91,972,266) and 53.3 per cent of the population 10 years of age and over (71,580,270). In the male population the gainful workers numbered 30,091,564, which was 63.3 per cent of all males and 81.3 of the males 10 years of age and over. In the female population the gainful workers numbered 8,075,772, which was 18.1 per cent of all females and 23.4 per cent of the females 10 years of age and over.

In the several states the proportion of the population 10 years of age and over engaged in gainful occupations in 1910 ranged from 46.9 per cent in Iowa to 68 per cent in Mississippi.

Practically one-third (33.2 per cent) of all gainful workers in the United States in 1910 were engaged in agriculture, forestry and animal husbandry, and considerably more than one-fourth (27.9 per cent) were engaged in manufacturing and mechanical industries.

There were 30,091,564 males engaged in gainful occupations in continental United States in 1910, as compared with 8,075,772 females; that is, of a total of 38,167,336 persons engaged in all occupations in 1910, 78.8 per cent were males and 21.2 per cent were females. Of a total of 29,073,233 persons engaged in all occupations in 1910, 81.7 per cent were males and 18.3 per cent were females.

Too Careless for Him.

He was not what one might call "manly," and she had suspected it, so she tried it on:

"If there was a war I presume you would go to arms for your country?" "No," he said, "I shouldn't like to do that."

"Why not?" she asked. "Well," he said, "they are so careless in their shooting."

Practical Mathematics.

"Now, Harold," said the teacher, "if you had twelve marbles and Frank took four of them, what would that make?"

"A fight," was the prompt reply.

Feathered Aid.

"How's your garden coming out?" "Thanks to the neighbors' chickens, it's coming out faster than I can plant it."—Pittsburgh Press.

A HOMEMADE FLYTRAP FOR TWENTY CENTS

South Carolinian Interests Housewives in Extermination by a Simple, Effective Device for Catching Flies

A homemade flytrap, marked "fragile," with stamps and address attached to one end, has reached the United States Department of Agriculture by parcel post from South Carolina. A letter arriving at the same time from one of the department's farm demonstration agents explains how similar traps are being made in that section at a cost of from 10 to 20 cents, and have proved a most successful aid in the work of home sanitation throughout that section. The trap had been baited and tried out with success in the department.

Description of Trap.

"These traps can be made any size to suit," says the department's agent, "but the most popular size in my work is 16 inches long, 12 inches high, and 8 inches wide. I also make some as large as 24 inches long, 18 inches high, and 12 inches wide. The material for these traps cost from 10 to 20 cents, and can be put together by anyone handy with tools in a short while." The trap may be baited with sour milk, a piece of banana, a fruit skin, or similar substance. This should be removed at night or it will attract ants. At the same time, the flies which have been caught should be killed by pouring hot water over the trap or leaving it immersed in water until the flies are dead.

The flytrap is made in three distinct parts that may be detached from one another by unfastening the hooks that hold them together at either end. The trap is unhooked in order to place the bait on the bottom section. The bait is placed on two pieces of tin tacked to this bottom section. In the sample trap that was forwarded to the department these pieces of tin were circular tops of paint or milk cans, which can be removed by prying up with a knife.

The middle section of the trap consists of a screen-covered frame that resembles a small gable roof through which there are six holes to let the flies into the uppermost section, which is merely the screened-in cage that is set down over the other two parts.

A handle, of course, is unnecessary, but will be found convenient when the trap is immersed in water to kill the flies.

The department's agents in their demonstration visits to the different farms take the flytraps with them. They interest the housewife in them, and set one up in her home to show what it can accomplish. The results of the demonstrations have been so successful that almost every farmer who sees the trap wants one, and many of them have been putting traps together in accordance with the instructions of the agent.

The traps have done much to arouse the interest of the rural population of South Carolina in fly extermination, the necessity for which is not always felt as strongly on the farm as it is in the crowded city, where these vermin make themselves more obnoxious.—Washington Government News Letter.

A Modest Request.

One young man who was highly sensitive about an impediment which he had in his speech went to a stammerers' institute and asked for a course of treatments. The professor asked him if he wanted a full or a partial course.

"A p-p-partial c-c-course."

"To what extent would you like a partial course?"

"Enough s-so that wh-when I go to a f-f-florist's and ask for a c-c-c-chry-s-s-anth (whistle) e-m-mum the th-thing won-t w-wilt b-before I g-get it!"

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EMILY LAROQUE

During the French revolution a young girl who lived in the neighborhood of the conciergerie prison while looking out through a window saw a commotion down the street. Then a fugitive appeared, fleeing for his life, persons getting out of the way before him. Several blocks in his rear gendarmes appeared, evidently following him. In a few moments the man was passing the window. On his face was the wild look of one who knew that if caught he must die. If only he could elude his pursuers! Seeing the girl at the window, he gave her a look of agonized appeal.

"Come in," she said.

The girl withdrew from the window, which was but a few feet above the sidewalk, so as to give him egress, and he passed headforemost through the opening and landed, exhausted, on the floor. The girl pulled down the sash and the shade, and both waited with bated breath to know if the fugitive had been seen to enter the house and who would give him away. In a few minutes there were sounds without of persons running. These died away, and there was quiet again.

The man arose and stood on his feet, he and the girl looking upon each other intently. He was about eighteen years of age, and his clothes though worn, were those of a gentleman.

"I am not safe," he said. "They will very shortly realize that they have lost me and will search every house in the neighborhood."

Two other women were coming downstairs—Mme. Laroque and her elder daughter, Louise. Emilie hurriedly told the others what had happened.

"Oh, heavens!" exclaimed her mother. "What have you done? If he is caught here we will all be dragged to the guillotine."

"He will not be caught here," said Emilie. "I'm going to dress him up for a girl."

"Who are you?" asked Mme. Laroque.

"The Count de Turrinne. I would rather die than endanger you. I will leave you at once."

"No, you won't," said the plucky Emilie. "Make haste; there's no time to lose."

She pushed him up the staircase, and putting him into a room went to a closet and began to throw women's clothing on to the floor before him. Divesting himself of his coat and waistcoat he threw them into a corner and picking up a dress put it on, Emilie adding what adornment he required. His hair would surely have given him away, but fortunately at that time women wore white caps something like what they now wear while bathing, and the girl, taking off hers, put it on the count's head.

Emilie, after hiding the coat looked out. She saw gendarmes on the opposite side of the street before a house and knew that others were making a search within. The count was right—the neighborhood was being searched.

"There is nothing for you to do but wait," she said to the fugitive, "but there is yet time to make you look more like a girl. His hair was worn long for a man after the custom of that day, and she pulled some of the locks from under the cap, and producing curling irons spent the time frizzling his hair until there came an enormous rap at the door.

"Courage!" she exclaimed, pressing his hand. "On your coolness depends your life."

"The ladies below will betray me," said the count.

"No, they won't; their safety is linked with yours. If you fool your followers no harm will come to us; if not, we will all be in prison within another hour."

When the door was opened the two were ready to descend the staircase. Seeing gendarmes, Emilie looked surprised, and the count endeavored to do so.

"We are looking for an escaped prisoner, the Count de Turrinne. He is concealed in some house in this neighborhood."

"I assure you," moaned Mme. Laroque, "there is no such person here."

"But, mamma," interposed Emilie, "the citizens are welcome to search the house. We, who are advocates of the revolution, have no wish to prevent the police from hunting down

the miserable aristocrats wherever they are to be found."

The words and especially the tone in which they were spoken did more to throw the gendarmes off the scent than anything that could have been done. The house was searched, but perfunctorily, and the searchers went away satisfied that these good citizens would not harbor an aristocrat. When they had gone the count sank on his knees before Emilie and having kissed her hand, said:

"Tonight I will attempt to leave Paris and join the emigres in Belgium. If the kings of France are ever restored I will reward you for what you have done for me. But for you I would now be on my way to the guillotine."

Twenty years later the Count de Turrinne, a middle-aged man, drove up to the house in which he had been rescued and called for Emilie Laroque. "I have come," he said.

"What for?"

"To offer you my fortune, myself, anything I have that you will accept."

She took them all.—By Margaret C. Devereaux.

Why Not You?

If I were a voice, a persuasive voice, That could travel the wide world through, I would fly on the beams of the morning light,

And speak to men with a gentle might, And tell them to be true

I would fly, I would fly over land and sea,

Wherever a human heart might be, Telling a tale or singing a song, In praise of the right, in blame of the wrong

If I were a voice, a consoling voice, I'd fly on the wings of the air; The homes of sorrow and guilt I'd seek,

And calm and truthful word I'd speak,

To save them from despair. I would fly, I would fly o'er the crowded town,

And fly like a happy sunlight down, Into the hearts of suffering men, And teach them to look up again.

If I were a voice, an immortal voice, I would fly the earth around; And wherever man unto error bowed I'd publish in tones both long and loud,

The truth's most joyful sound. I would fly, I would fly on the wings of day,

Proclaiming peace on my world-wide way,

Bidding the saddened ones rejoice. If I were a voice, an immortal voice.

—Charles Macklin.

Stole It.

When W. D. Howells, the famous American writer, was editing an American magazine, a young man called on him at the office and offered him a poem. Mr. Howells read the poem and thought it was good, but somehow it seemed rather familiar.

"Did you write this unaided?" he asked.

"I did," replied the youthful poet. "I wrote every line of it."

"Then I am very glad to meet you, Lord Byron," said Mr. Howells. "But I was under the impression that you had died some years ago."

When Pa Scored One.

"Pa," said Tommy, asking his fifty-first question that evening, "is a vessel a boat?"

"Well, yes," said Pa, trying to read his paper; "you can call a vessel a boat, certainly."

"Well, what kind of a boat is a blood vessel?"

"A lifeboat, of course. Now run off to bed."

A Palpable Fraud.

"Oi want yez t' take that big hoigh lamp yez sold me back agin," said Mr. Mulcahey, entering the store in high dudgeon.

"Why, what's wrong with it?" inquired the astonished merchant.

"Yez said it was a piano lamp," roared Mr. Mulcahey, "and divil a chune hox Oi been able t' git out of it!"

A Marriage of Convenience.

Mrs. Askit—Is Van Velvet charitable?

Mr. Tellit—Is he! Why, he got married just to satisfy his creditors.

CALIFORNIA HAS RECORD OF U. S. FOR QUICKSILVER

The quicksilver industry in the United States broke a record last year, but not an enviable one, for with the exception of that of 1908, the production last year was the lowest since 1860. Final figures from every producing district, according to H. D. McCaskey, of the United States Geological Survey, give a domestic output of quicksilver for 1913 of 20,213 flasks of 75 pounds each, valued at \$813,171, against a production of 25,064 flasks, valued at \$1,053,941, in 1912. The decline was due partly to the large foreign output for the last few years, a dull market, and a general lowering of prices.

Producers report 154,033 short tons of ore mined and available for treatment in 1913, against 166,564 tons in 1912, and the reduction of 136,278 tons, against 155,693 tons in 1912.

California, as usual, was the largest producer in 1913, with 15,591 flasks, valued at \$627,228, a decrease from the output of 1912 of 4933 flasks in quantity and of \$235,806 in value. The total value of the production of quicksilver in the state from 1850, the date of the earliest output, to the end of 1913 has been \$95,902,293. The quicksilver output of Nevada in 1913 was 1645 flasks, valued at \$66,178.

Quicksilver is used mainly for the manufacture of fulminate for explosive caps, electric appliances, drugs, and scientific apparatus and for the recovery of gold and silver by amalgamation. The use in gold and silver recovery was formerly extensive, but the rapid increase in the cyanidation of gold and silver ores has materially decreased the recovery by amalgamation. This is, of course, due in part to the change in depth from free-milling to unoxidized ores but more largely to the successful treatment of certain large supplies of ores never profitable by amalgamation at any depth and to increased economies and profits by the substitution of cyanidation for amalgamation.

The most important producer of quicksilver in the United States is the famous New Almaden mine, of Santa Clara County, which contains over 100 miles of underground workings and which has produced steadily since 1850.

BURNED HOUSE WITH BODY.

Cremation Ceremonies in Dutch New Guinea Would Seem to Be Expensive.

Concerning a peculiar custom discovered among the natives of Dutch New Guinea, this interesting description is given by A. F. R. Wollaston in the Geographical Journal: "On top of the first steep ridge we came to the first native dwelling that we had seen in the country. It was a rectangular wooden structure, raised tenpiles about five feet from the ground. A sloping ladder or two or three poles tied together leads to a narrow platform, behind which is the living room, about ten or twelve feet square. In the middle of the floor is a square fire-place, usually lined with sand or small stones. The walls are made of split poles placed closely together, and the roof is made of the leaves of pandanus, or of a palm if any happen to grow in the neighborhood. There was a mystery about that first house which we were never able to solve. It was evidently quite newly built, a small clearing had been made about it, and a few banana and dracaenas recently planted.

Outside the house were a number of men, women and children, the men occupied in cooking large quantities of yams and sweet potatoes and great lumps of pig's flesh. We naturally supposed that it was a sort of house warming, as in one sense it turned out to be. The men shook their heads and pointed in a mysterious way toward the house and make the curious sign which they are accustomed to make when they talk of something disagreeable. Then they invited us to enter the house, where we found an old man sitting by the fire. He was diseased and decrepit, but appeared by no means likely to die. He took a keen interest in our appearance and enjoyed the tobacco which we gave him.

"When we returned five days later we found the place utterly deserted

and the house a blackened heap of ashes, on the top of which were lying the charred remains of human bones. It was impossible for anyone to say five days earlier that the old man was going to die—indeed, he might have lived for months, or even years. What we may imagine to have happened was this: That as he was unable to get about any longer and find his own food, his relations did not intend to support him, and that the preparations we saw were really for his funeral feast; but we were puzzled by their having cremated him in a newly built house."

A Clerical Error.

A salesman traveling in the west, and anxious about his home affairs, wished to write his wife so that she would answer immediately. He knew an appropriate Bible verse, but did not have a Bible handy to see if he had the right reference. However, trusting to his memory, he wrote:

Dear Wife: Proverbs xxv: 24. He received no answer to this, and when he got home he asked his wife why she had not written to him. She got the Bible and showed the verse to him.

"Great heavens!" he said, "it ought to have been Proverbs xxv: 25."

He Could Take His Choice.

A house-hunter, getting off a train at a suburban station, said to a boy standing near:

"My boy, I am looking for Mr. Smith's new block of semi-detached houses. How far are they from here?"

"About twenty minutes' walk," said the boy.

"Twenty minutes!" exclaimed the house-hunter. "Nonsense! The advertisement said five."

"Well," replied the boy, "yer kin believe me or the advertisement, whichever yer want. But I ain't tryin' to make no sale."

Would Rove No More.

During a concert tour of the late Theodore Thomas and his celebrated orchestra, one of the musicians died, and the following telegram was immediately despatched to the parents of the deceased:

"John Black died suddenly to-day. Advise by wire as to disposition."

It a few hours the answer was received, reading as follows:

"We are broken hearted; his disposition was a roving one."

The Unreasonable Parent.

"I don't think that any one should always obey one's parents, do you, Armanita?" inquired Arabella.

"Why, I don't know," said Araminta, "what makes you say that?"

"Last night when Bob was here Papa called down 'Arabella, put out the light,' and of course I did it. And when he came downstairs and found us in the dark he was just raving mad."

As He Told It.

A marine was testifying about the explosion of a gun on a war vessel—an explosion which had sent him to the hospital for some months.

"Please give your version of the explosion," he was asked.

"Well," he said, "I was standing beside the gun, there was an awful racket, and the doctor said: 'Sit up and take this.'"

No Comparison.

An Englishman and an American were standing before the wonders of the Victorian Falls, in dark Africa, when the Englishman said:

"Surely you must concede that these falls are far grander than your Niagara Falls."

"What?" replied the American; "compare these to our Niagara Falls? Why, man alive, they are a mere perspiration."

A Fanatic.

"They say that Briggs is a temperance crank of the extremist kind."

"I should say he is. He wouldn't even buy stocks because they frequently take a drop."

His Application of the Lesson.

"Why, Willie," said the Sunday school teacher in a pained voice, "have you been fighting again? Didn't you learn in last Sunday's lesson that when you are struck on one cheek

you ought to turn the other to the striker?"

"Yes'm," agreed Willie; "but he hit me on the nose, and I've only got one."

No Place to Hide.

"My kid used to hide behind his mother's skirts."

"Did he ever get over his timidity?"

"He had to when his mother adopted a silhouette gown."

Er—Quite So.

Lydia—When Jack met Billy and me out walking, I found it very hard to conceal my dismay.

Alice—I imagine! It's hard to conceal anything with the present style!

The Real Culprit.

Visitor—How does the land lie out this way?

Native—It isn't the land—it's the real estate agent.

NOTICE INVITING SEALED PROPOSALS.

Pursuant to the Statute and to the Resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, directing this notice said Board of Trustees hereby invites sealed proposals or bids for doing the following work in said city, to-wit:

That Maple Avenue between the north line of Baden Avenue and the south line of Grand Avenue and Maple Avenue between the north line of Grand Avenue and the south line of Miller Avenue, and the south line of Miller Avenue, Spruce Avenue between the north line of Baden Avenue and the south line of Grand Avenue and Spruce Avenue between the north line of Grand Avenue and the south line of Miller Avenue, including all improvements of each of said streets with alleys, be improved by grading; and by constructing concrete curbs in each of said streets, except where such curbs have already been constructed; and by constructing concrete sidewalks in each of said streets having a width of five (5) feet, commencing two (2) feet from the boundary lines of each of said streets and extending five (5) feet towards the curb lines, except where such sidewalks have already been constructed; and by filling in earth back of the curbs of each of said streets so as to bring the sidewalks between the curb and concrete sidewalks to official grade, except where such filling has already been done; and by constructing concrete gutters in each of said streets, except where such gutters have already been constructed; and by laying and constructing an oiled macadam pavement from gutter to gutter in each of said streets.

All work herein provided for shall be done to official grade and in accordance with the special plans and specifications heretofore adopted by said Board of Trustees for doing said work and now on file in the office of the city clerk, to which reference is hereby made for further description of said work.

Reference is hereby given to Resolution of Intention No. 12 of said Board of Trustees declaring its intention to order said work to be done, for further particulars, which Resolution of Intention is on file in the office of the city clerk.

The Board of Trustees, under the authority conferred upon it by the provisions of that certain act of the Legislature of the State of California, approved April 7th, 1911, and known as the "Improvement Act of 1911," determines and declares that serial bonds shall be issued to represent the cost of said proposed improvements; said bonds shall be serial, extending over a period of nine (9) years from the second day in January next succeeding their date, and shall be issued to represent assessments of Twenty-five (25) Dollars or more remaining unpaid for thirty (30) days after the date of the warrant issued to the contractor, of five (5) days after the decision of said Board of Trustees on an appeal; an even annual proportion of the principal sum of each bond shall be payable, by coupon, on the second day of January of each year after its date and until the whole is paid, and interest shall be payable semi-annually by coupon on the second days of January and July, respectively, of each year at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum on all sums unpaid until the whole of said principal and interest is paid and said bonds shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of said "Improvement Act of 1911."

All proposals or bids shall be accompanied by a check payable to the City of South San Francisco, certified by a responsible bank for an amount which shall not be less than ten per cent of the aggregate of the proposed work, and a bond for the said amount and so payable, signed by the bidder and two sureties, who shall justify, before any officer competent to administer an oath, in double the said amount, over and above all statutory exemptions.

Said sealed proposals or bids shall be delivered to the city clerk of said city on or before eight o'clock p. m. of Thursday, August 27, 1914, said time being not less than ten days from the time of the first publication and posting of this notice.

Dated August 14, 1914.

WILLIAM J. SMITH,

City Clerk.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT IN AND for the County of San Mateo, State of California.

In the matter of the application of the South San Francisco Mill and Lumber Company, a corporation, for dissolution. No. 5220.

Notice is hereby given that said corporation, the South San Francisco Mill and Lumber Company, on the 30th day of July, 1914, made in writing a voluntary application for dissolution to said court and filed said application with the clerk of said court;

That said court, thereupon, to-wit, on the 30th day of July, 1914, made an order directing that said clerk give thirty (30) days' notice of said application, by publication in "The Enterprise," a weekly newspaper printed, published and circulated in said County of San Mateo, and that this notice is now given and will be published according to said order, in said newspaper, during the period of thirty (30) days from said 30th day of July, 1914, the first publication being made on Saturday, the 1st day of August, 1914.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California, this 30th day of July, 1914.

(Seal) JOS. H. NASH,

Clerk.

By E. L. FALVEY,

Deputy Clerk.

7-30-5t

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

SAN BRUNO METHODIST CHURCH.
Sunday school, 10:00 a. m.
Preaching service, 11 a. m.
Prayer meeting, Thursday, at 8:00 p. m.

Keep August 22d in mind. This means you.

Mrs. Fischer of third addition is reported on the sick list.

Whist! Whist! by the Yeomen next Tuesday evening in Green's Hall. The game starts at 9 p. m. sharp.

Mr. and Mrs. Hodges of San Francisco has rented Mr. Keelman's bungalow in Lomita Park and will move in to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Senger and family have leased Mrs. Ford's cottage in San Bruno Park and expect to move this coming week.

Mr. Horn of San Jose was a caller in San Bruno Tuesday to look after some repairs he was having made on his cottage in fifth addition.

Mr. Crozier, a real estate dealer, purchased of Hensley-Green Co. a house on the state highway, near the old tin school house and moved last week.

High class motion pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening and Saturday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m.

Incorporation seems to be the issue now. Everybody is talking about it. There will be a mass meeting at Carpenters' Hall next Wednesday evening, August 19th, to discuss the question. Everybody come.

Mr. and Mrs. Shigruue of San Bruno Park moved to San Francisco last Wednesday to remain until after the World's Fair. They have rented their home to Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy of San Francisco, who will occupy the same to-day.

Be sure and get your votes for queen in the boxes, that are located at the leading stores of San Bruno, Lomita Park and Millbrae, as you have only two weeks more to elect your choice.

A big bargain, a 5-room bungalow, modern in every particular, including 2 corner lots on the boulevard, for \$100 down, balance \$20.00 a month including interest. For this snap see L. M. Pfluger. Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno crossing.

Don't forget that you are needed to help the family of A. H. Gillespie at Green's Hall to-night. The affair is given by the Woodmen of the World, the Brotherhood of American Yeomen, the Carpenters' Union and the baseball boys. You surely belong to one of these organizations and can do your share for this worthy cause. Mrs. Gillespie, though very ill at the South San Francisco Hospital, is slowly improving and is very grateful for the kindness of the people of San Bruno. Most of the candidates for election will be present and you will have an opportunity to meet them. The baseball boys have been practicing diligently for the minstrel show and are ready to give a first class entertainment, beginning 8:15 sharp. Dancing upstairs at 10 p. m.

SAN BRUNO CARNIVAL.

The committees are busily engaged in making preparations for the Carnival to be held on September 8th and 9th.

The parade committee has a number of floats already on its list and asks all lodge and fraternal orders in San Mateo county to address the parade committee, San Bruno, and notify them what part they will take. Various prizes are offered to the participants.

The program and other committees are reporting progress and much interest is being taken in the celebration. The queen's contest stands as follows:

Miss Edith Schmidt.....	1961
Miss Helen Grady.....	977
Miss Lillian Coffin.....	444
Miss Mary Reid.....	298
Miss C. Venable.....	270
Miss Wackermann.....	12

During the contest, The Enterprise will publish the votes of all candidates receiving over 200. A new candidate's name and result will be published the first time and will not again appear until 200 votes have been received.

Miss Schmidt won the first prize of

MRS. WILSON LAID TO REST

Funeral Service Brief and Simple

Without any formality, except that of the church, and with all the simplicity which she desired, the funeral of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, was held in the East Room of the White House at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

For the day official business was banished from the Executive Mansion, and Washington and the nation joined with the President in mourning for his dead.

Outside of members of the Wilson family, only members of the Cabinet and their wives, the members of special committee from the Senate and House, a few intimate friends, and employees of the White House, were present at the services in Washington.

The simple Presbyterian funeral service, without music, was conducted by the Rev. Sylvester Beach of Princeton, N. J., and the Rev. J. H. Taylor of Washington.

It included selections from the fifteenth chapter of First Corinthians, and the fourteenth chapter of St. John, short prayers and a benediction. While the services were in progress both houses of Congress and all departments were closed, and all flags in the capital were at half mast. The White House grounds were closed to the public.

The members of the family were taken to the railroad station soon after the services at the White House, and the train left for Rome at 4:35 o'clock, arriving at Atlanta, Ga., at noon Tuesday, and at Rome at 2:30 o'clock. There was a special car for the flowers.

More than 800 relatives and friends of the Wilson and Axson families were gathered in the little church at Rome, Ga., which Mrs. Wilson used to attend when her father, the Rev. Edward S. Axson, was pastor there. The church was draped in black, with intertwining wreaths of white flowers. Two old hymns, girlhood favorites of Mrs. Wilson, were sung by the church choir. The Rev. Dr. Sydnor then read briefly from the Scriptures and spoke of the beauty and charity of Mrs. Wilson's life.

As soon as the church service was ended the short journey to Myrtle Hill Cemetery was begun. School girls, dressed in white and holding laurel branches, lined the streets through which the procession passed. Behind them were thousands of people, with bare heads, bowed, silent and sorrowful.

Services at the grave were brief and of impressive simplicity. The President stood with head bowed as the final rites were performed. As he stood there with his daughters, Mr. Wilson made no effort to conceal his grief. As the hushed voice of the preacher read the burial service, and President's form was visibly shaken by emotion, and the tears streamed down his cheeks. Others of the party wept silently and softly.

Rain fell in torrents while the coffin was being lowered into the grave, which is beside those of Mrs. Wilson's father and mother, almost within sight of the house in which she lived as a girl.

After the coffin was lowered and the grave filled, heaps of flowers, the tribute of the nation, were piled high over it.

Less than four hours from the time the funeral train arrived, the President and his party were once more on board their special cars and the return journey was begun.

\$2.50 cash for making the largest increase in the week's vote up to 4 p. m. last Thursday. The second prize of 100 votes was won by Miss Coffin.

The committee is using every endeavor to have as many votes as possible cast each week and for that purpose has offered 20 votes free for every even 100 votes cast for each candidate. The votes must be cast each week in order to receive the bonus of 20 free votes.

R. J. ALBERT FOR RECORDER.

R. J. Albert, candidate for the nomination of county recorder, was in this city this week actively engaged in his campaign. He has made many friends throughout the county, who say his chances of election are constantly improving.

ARMIES READY FOR REAL BATTLE OF WAR

Fighting Covers Entire Franco-German Border

Official announcements indicate that fighting between the French and German troops has become general all along the frontier. From Switzerland to Holland, on German, French and Belgian territory, there is almost continuous fighting. Most of it is advanced skirmishing just now and maneuvering for position. But any hour may see the advance ordered for one of the historic pitched battles of the world's history.

It is officially announced that engagements occurred between German and French troops at Longwy, just inside the French border at a point where Belgium, Luxembourg and German Lorraine meet. No details are furnished.

Another official statement tells of an engagement between the French and Germans at Virton, on Belgian territory. German cavalry patrols have also been encountered to the north of Montmedy on the Franco-Belgian frontier.

The first battle fought on French soil in this war was a French victory at Spincourt in the Department of the Meuse, where German cavalry with an artillery support crossed the border and clashed with French cavalry. The Germans were driven back.

At Houffalize, in Belgian Luxembourg, a French patrol attacked a squadron of German cavalry, sabred them and took several prisoners.

Nothing the Germans do is hidden from the War Department, for flocks of French aeroplanes are constantly scouting the border and making daring flights over the German advance regardless of the shells fired at them. They keep the general staff fully informed of the concentration of German troops and it is impossible to spring a surprise on the French while they have this aerial scouting service.

Hostilities began Monday between the German and the Belgian cavalry outposts in the Hesbaye district. This district is to the west of Liege and north of the Meuse, and forms parts of the provinces of Liege, Limburg and Namur. The Germans have begun a systematic reconnoitering of Hesbaye, in order to discover the positions of the Belgian field army. Their cavalry patrols are followed by infantry detachments. King Albert with the main Belgian army is located northwest of Brussels. It is believed that the King's army has been heavily reinforced by French troops.

A War Office statement announces that the bulk of the German army of invasion is entrenching along the Ourthe River, from which point its advance guards are venturing out. Another section of the invaders, comprising two divisions of cavalry, with supporting infantry and artillery, is operating near Tongres, 15 miles north of Liege. Another invading army is said to be moving toward Waterloo and Brussels.

The French artillery is rapidly moving to the front, through Brussels. The French soldiers are being wildly acclaimed by the Belgians.

French aviators are constantly flying over districts where troops are being detained, and are subject to a storm of shots by the enemy.

It is officially announced that the German loss to date in the Belgian campaign is 2000 dead, 20,000 wounded and 9700 prisoners. Refugees say the Belgian loss is heavy, and that all of the hospitals of Ghent and other nearby cities are filled.

Six thousand German troops, it is reported, seized the station of Landon, west of Liege, and stopped a train from Brussels. They permitted the passengers to go, but destroyed the station, removed the rails and drove out railway employees. The passengers were compelled to return on foot to Tirlemont. According to fugitives from London the Germans burned many villages, giving the inhabitants half an hour for flight. The German force, it was said, had field and machine guns.

In only one or two places in Europe, notably at Genoa in Italy and in Sweden, does the financial embarrassment of Americans continue, according to recent reports. The situation has improved so much that it may be unnecessary to deposit any gold in Europe for the relief of Americans. Everywhere on the Continent the scattered American tourists and business people who desire to leave are gathered at the seaports and arranging for transportation homeward. It is believed that owing to the facilities offered by the regular steamship

M'ADOO ISSUES INSTRUCTIONS

U. S. Holds Strong Hand Over Foreign Merchant Vessels

Instructions concerning the handling of local shipping that the neutrality of the United States Government may be preserved in the present world-war have been received by Collector of Customs J. O. Davis in a lengthy telegram, signed by Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury Department and Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce. The part of the message which is of particular interest to San Francisco ship owners reads as follows:

"You will permit foreign bound vessels to clear only after they have filed with you their full and final manifests.

"You will notify all merchant vessels in your district that they will be subject to inspection and examination of documents, ships and cargoes by United States authorities before clearance is given, and will be subject to further examinations by United States authorities after clearance and while such vessels remain within the territorial waters of the United States. Such vessels shall stop and lie to for examination when signalled by a United States vessel.

"When a vessel of a belligerent power which has arrived as a merchant vessel, alters or attempts to alter her status as a merchant vessel, or there is reason to believe she intends to alter such status so as to become an auxiliary cruiser or an armed vessel in any degree, you will immediately notify the department by wire, giving all particulars. Any of the following acts will constitute such a change of status:

"(a) The placing in position or otherwise changing the location of guns which were on board the vessel at the time of her arrival.

"(b) So changing the appearance, color, rig or equipment of a vessel as to render her suitable for some purpose of war.

"(c) The taking on board of guns, arms or ammunition under circumstances which in any way indicate the outfitting of the vessel for any purpose of war or in aid of a military expedition.

"Should any vessel depart or attempt to depart from your district without a regular clearance, you will wire the department and also the commander of the nearest naval vessel or revenue cutter."

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

The Ancient Order of Hibernians will hold its bi-annual State convention in San Francisco on Sunday, August 16th.

A ball of All States will be given by the Associated Secretaries of State Societies of California in the two ballrooms of the St. Francis Hotel of San Francisco from sundown, September 12, to sun-up, September 13.

A terrific gale was encountered by the British bark Lobo, Captain Murchison, which arrived in San Francisco seventy-four days from Hobart, Tasmania, with a cargo of 498 hardwood logs, consigned to the Bank of California. The logs will be used for flooring purposes at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and will show the visitors the wonderful timber grown in Australia.

A squad of workmen have begun painting the interior of the Palace of Agriculture of the Exposition, introducing a novel method by using a hose and squirting the color from the floor to the ceiling of the building. This same process will be used on the other palaces, with the exception of the Palaces of Machinery, Transportation and Mines. The Palace of Horticulture will be tinted green.

Although the horse show at the lines it will be unnecessary to send more than one or two government vessels.

Officials report to the State Department from Hamburg cleared up the last apprehension for the safety of Americans in the German Empire, with the exception of those special cases which have been taken up by Ambassador Gerard. The little colony in Hamburg, according to consular dispatches, is not only in comfortable circumstances, but cheerful and disposed to regard the situation as free from any danger whatever.

Two firemen were killed and several seriously injured in a fire on the principal street intersection of Fresno a few days ago.

State Fair in Sacramento has been a marked success since it was inaugurated in 1912, it promises to be far more of a society event this year than it has been during the last two seasons. Judging from the number of entries by society women throughout the State, there is a decided revival of interest in horses, and riding is becoming extremely popular among those fond of outdoor sports.

Bumper California crops have complicated the problem for railroad men of having enough empty freight cars ready on the spot to accommodate the shippers. The citrus crop is unusually large, the melon crop of Southern California is the largest known, deciduous fruits of Northern and Central California are very heavy, and already more than 1000 cars of these fruits in excess of last year have been sent East. The grape prospects are for a record-breaking movement East.

Tame.

"Did you like the last dance?"
"Not very much; mother frowned at me only twice."—Princeton Tiger.

NOTICE OF AWARD OF CONTRACT.

Pursuant to Statute and to the resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco directing this notice.

Notice is hereby given that said Board of Trustees, in open session, on the 30th day of July, 1914, publicly opened, examined and declared sealed proposals or bids for doing the following work ordered in said city, to-wit:

That that portion of San Bruno Road between the northerly line of Grand Avenue and the southerly line of Armour Avenue, including all street intersections, be improved by grading from the westerly boundary line to a line parallel thereto and at a distance of twenty-three (23) feet easterly therefrom; also by grading between the easterly curb line and a line parallel to said easterly curb line and at a distance of eleven (11) feet westerly therefrom; also by constructing concrete sidewalks and concrete curbs on the westerly side of said San Bruno Road, except where such sidewalks and curbs have already been constructed, and by filling in earth between curb and concrete sidewalk so as to bring that portion of the sidewalk on the westerly side of said road between curb and concrete sidewalk to official grade; also by constructing an asphaltic concrete pavement consisting of an asphaltic concrete surface one and one-half (1-1/2) inches in thickness laid on a concrete base four (4) inches in thickness in that portion of San Bruno Road hereinbefore described and included between the westerly curb line and a line parallel thereto and at a distance of eleven (11) feet easterly therefrom; and in that portion of San Bruno Road hereinbefore described and included between the easterly curb line and a line parallel thereto and at a distance of eleven (11) feet westerly therefrom.

That that portion of Baden Avenue between the westerly line of San Bruno Road and the easterly line of Linden Avenue, including all street intersections, but excepting and excluding therefrom a certain rectangular strip twenty (20) feet in width, lying ten (10) feet on each side of the median line of Baden Avenue, and extending from the westerly line of San Bruno Road to the easterly line of Linden Avenue, be improved by grading and by constructing thereon an asphaltic concrete pavement in the manner hereinbefore described.

That that portion of Linden Avenue between the north line of Baden Avenue and the north line of Railroad Avenue, including all intersections of streets and alleys, but excepting and excluding therefrom a certain rectangular strip twenty (20) feet in width, lying ten (10) feet on each side of the median line of Linden Avenue, and extending between the northerly line of Railroad Avenue and a line parallel to the south curb line of Baden Avenue and at a distance of eight (8) feet northerly from said curb line, be improved by grading and by constructing thereon an asphaltic concrete pavement in the manner hereinbefore described.

All work herein provided for shall be done to official grade and in accordance with the special plans and specifications heretofore adopted by said Board of Trustees for doing said work and now on file in the office of the city clerk, to which reference is hereby made for further description of said work.

Reference is hereby made to Resolution of Intention No. 11 of said Board of Trustees declaring its intention to order said work to be done, for further particulars, which Resolution of Intention is on file in the office of the city clerk.

The Board of Trustees, under the authority conferred upon it by the provisions of that certain Act of the Legislature of the State of California, approved April 7th, 1911, and known as the "Improvement Act of 1911," determines and declares that serial bonds shall be issued to represent the cost of said proposed improvements; said bonds shall be serial, extending over a period of four (4) years from the second day of January next succeeding their date, and shall be issued to represent assessments of Twenty-five (25) Dollars or more remaining unpaid for thirty (30) days after the date of the warrant issued to the contractor, or five (5) days after the decision of said Board of Trustees on an appeal; an even annual proportion of the principal sum of each bond shall be payable, by coupon, after its date and until the whole is paid, and interest shall be payable semi-annually by coupon on the second days of January and July, respectively, of each year at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum on all sums unpaid until the whole of said principal and interest is paid and said bonds shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of said "Improvement Act of 1911."

And thereafter on the 30th day of July, 1914, awarded the contract for said work to the lowest responsible bidder, to-wit:

Blanchard-Brown Company, a corporation. At the prices named in its bid on file in the office of the city clerk: Grading, sixty-five (65) cents per cubic yard; concrete in base, ten (10) cents per square foot; forty (40) cents per lineal foot; concrete sidewalks, fourteen (14) cents per square foot; asphaltic concrete surface, six (6) cents per square foot.
Dated August 15, 1914.

WILLIAM J. SMITH,
City Clerk